# ADC-4U11 ANALOG TO DIGITAL **CONVERTER**

TECHNICAL REFERENCE



Click for more info: www.eeci.com/adc-4u11p.htm

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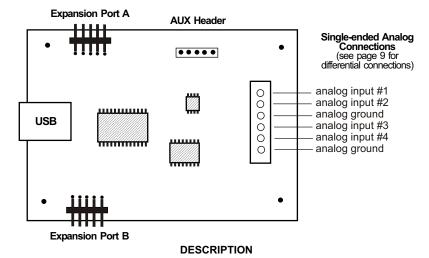
| SPECIFICATIONS         |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Power Supply           | Powered from USB port (5 volts DC)   |  |  |  |
| Operating Temp. Range  | -40° C to +85° C   |  |  |  |
| Serial Data Protocol   | 75 to 6,000,000 baud - auto detect (defaults to 115,200 baud) Full duplex operation (data bits, parity, stop bits will auto detect)  |  |  |  |
| Maximum Sampling Rate  | 100 samples per second or better   |  |  |  |
| Analog Inputs          | 4 single-ended inputs (11 bit resolution)<br>or 2 fully differential inputs (12 bit resolution)<br>(11 bit resolution will divide your measurement range into 2048 different increments)<br>(12 bit resolution will divide your measurement range into 4,096 different increments) |  |  |  |
| Expansion Capability   | expandable to control up to 144 relays/inputs (or combinations) using EX-8M, EXM-8, EXM-16 or EXM-32 Relay I/O Expansion Modules   |  |  |  |
| Interface              | USB (also available in WiFi version (ADC4-11WIFI), Ethernet version (ADC4-11FENET) RS-232 version (ADC4-11RS232) or RS-485 version (ADC4-11RS485))   |  |  |  |
| Software Compatibility | Windows XP, Vista, Windows Server, Windows 7, 8.1, Windows 10 and Windows 11   |  |  |  |
| Weight                 | .5 ounce   |  |  |  |
| Size                   | 1.875 inches by 2.5 inches   |  |  |  |

Please see page 12 for additional specifications.

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#### **CONNECTION DIAGRAM**

## ADC-4U11 ANALOG TO DIGITAL CONVERTER



The ADC-4U11 Analog to Digital converters connect to any available USB port on your desktop or laptop PC (including some tablets and phones). Four analog inputs channels are provided for conversion to 11 bit digital format. The converters may be set to two channel fully differential mode with 12 bit resolution if required. Two optional expansion ports are available for connection of up to 16 relays, 16 status inputs or combinations of relays and inputs.

#### 24 HOUR TECHNICAL SUPPORT

Technical support for our products is available by calling (937) 349-6000. If a technical adviser is not available, please leave your name, phone number and a time that you can be reached. Your call will be returned as soon as possible and within 8 hours. Calls received during normal business hours are usually returned within minutes.

#### WARRANTY AND CARE OF THE ADC-4U11

The ADC-4U11 Analog to Digital Converters are warranted against factory defects for a period of 90 days from the date of purchase. The ADC-4U11 has proven to be extremely reliable in actual operation during field tests. We recommend that the ADC-4U11 and associated hardware be installed in a suitable enclosure (4 mounting holes are provided on the circuit board) and that reasonable precautions be taken to protect the circuit from static discharge.

#### **SET-UP AND TESTING**

Upon receiving your ADC-4U11, you should connect and test the operation of the hardware to verify proper operation. Please set-up and test the ADC-4U11 as follows (Windows XP\*, Vista, Windows Server, Windows 7, 8.1, Windows 10 or Windows 11)

\*service pack 3

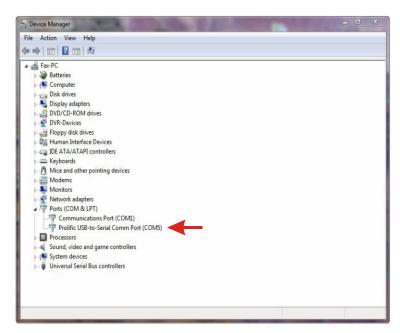
(Step 1) Connect to the Internet. This permits any security or software updates to occur during installation. If you do not have an Internet connection, you may skip this step.

(Step 2) Connect your ADC-4U11 Analog to Digital Converter to any available USB port on your computer using a CC-USBB cable (1 to 15 foot). A high percentage of systems will be up to date and you will not see any activity or a pop-up message (allow up to 30 seconds for any system message). If your USB Com driver is out of date, you may

receive a message that your system is being updated or a new driver is being installed. Allow the update to occur before you move to the next step. If you do not see activity or receive a system message, proceed to step 3.

(Step 3) Insert the installation CD or USB flash drive and wait for the security message (with a USB flash drive, you may need to browse to the drive icon from your My Computer link). OK or click the startup.exe file to start the installer dialog.

(Step 4) Check your USB Com driver by clicking on the "Open Device Manager" button in the installer dialog window and expanding the "Ports (COM & LPT)" category (expand the category by clicking on the + or arrow, see Device Manager on page 5 or go directly to Device Manager from Control Panel). If you see a "Prolific USB-to-Serial Comm



Port" entry, this is your USB Com driver\* and the com port assigned is to the right of the entry. Right click on the entry and select "Properties" and click the "Driver" tab. Your USB Com driver must be Prolific version 3.4.62.293 or higher (dated 10/17/2013 or later). If your USB Com driver is not up to date, right click on the entry and select "Update Driver Software". If your USB Com driver is up to date then please note the Com port number assigned and jump to step 5.

\*verify that this is the com port assigned to the ADC-4U11 by unplugging the ADC-4U11 from your USB port and watching the entry in device manager. The entry should disappear and then reappear when you plug the ADC-4U11 back in

If you do not have an Internet connection or are having problems

with the USB Com driver installation, disconnect the ADC-4U11 USB cable from your computer and install the USB Com driver from your CD by clicking on the "Install USB Com Driver" button (before installing a new USB com driver, go to Control Panel/Device Manager/Ports to check if a Prolific driver is shown (expand the category by clicking on the + or arrow)). Please note that you may have to remove any out of date Prolific Com drivers on your system before the current driver will install correctly. It is important that you use the remove feature on your CD (not the remove feature in Device Manager). The remove feature is shown after clicking the "Install USB Com Driver" button from the installer dialog window (allow up to 30 seconds for the installer to load and appear).

(Step 5) After you have verified or installed an up to date USB Com driver, reconnect (if not already connected\*) your ADC-4U11 Analog to Digital to the same USB port and install the ADC-4U11 device driver\*\* by clicking the "Install EECI Device Driver" button from the installer dialog window (if you have auto start disabled, you may browse to the Windows Driver folder and double click on setup.exe). A desktop icon for the ADC-4U11 will be created. When installing the ADC-4U11 device driver on a Windows XP or Vista computer, double click on setup.exe in the XP-Vista folder. \*if you reconnect your ADC-4U11 to a different USB port, a different com port may be assigned.

\*\*Please note that the Microsoft .Net Framework must be installed on your system. The .Net Framework is already installed if you have Windows 7 or higher. If the .Net Framework is not installed on your computer, the installation program will attempt to download and install the .Net Framework from the Microsoft Update website through your internet connection. This may take 5 minutes or longer. In order for the .Net Framework to install correctly, your computer must be up to date with Windows Update. This is especially important with Windows XP\* and Vista. You may

update your computer by clicking on the start button, All Programs, Windows Update and clicking on "Check for updates". \*for XP. Service Pack 3 must be installed.

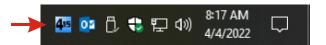
(Step 6) After the ADC-4U11 device driver is installed, the ADC-4U11 com port should be detected and a pop-up will prompt you for the com port to be used with your ADC-4U11 A to D Converter (correct com port should be shown). You may edit the com port if incorrect. The ADC-4U11 User Interface will now open and the label just under the COM port indicator should show that Com port open. Please Note: When the ADC-4U11 inputs are floating (no connection) the inputs may show random or changing values from noise picked up by the high impedance inputs. Click the "Install Help Files" button to install important trouble-shooting and reference information before you close the installer.

Step 7) Test your analog inputs by applying a test voltage to each input (at the input and GND terminals). The test voltage must be within the selected reference voltage and of the correct polarity (the default reference voltage is 4.096 volts, providing a voltage input range of 0 to 4.096 volts DC). You may use the analog test circuit shown below to provide the test voltage. When using a 9 volt smoke detector battery, use a multimeter to check for the correct voltage since the voltage can go well over the reference voltage if the potentiometer is turned beyond 10K. The input in the ADC-4U11 User Interface should increment (11 bit) from 0 to 2047 (in 2,048 1 unit increments) as the potentiometer is turned from 0 volts to 4.096 volts.

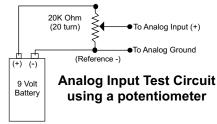
Differential inputs may be tested using the same analog test circuit (below) except you will connect the test voltage to inputs 1 and 2 (differential channel 1) or inputs 3 and 4 (differential channel 2). When the ADC-4U11 is set to differential mode, the ADC-4U11 will display a range from -2048 to +2047 in 4,096 increments (12 bit) as the input voltage swings from -4.096 volts to +4.096 volts. The negative side of the signal is generated by reversing the polarity of the test signal (or reversing the battery polarity). The inputs are changed to differential mode by going to the setup window in the ADC-4U11 User Interface.

After testing is complete, you may label your analog inputs, set scale and offsets, set precision and add a suffix (such as °, PSI, mA, etc) by going to the setup window in the ADC-4U11 User Interface and clicking the Analog Setup button. The ADC-4U11 Data Logger may be started by checking the Enable box. The data log entry interval may be set to minutes or seconds (click the M or S button) and entering the desired time interval. The settings will not go into effect until the Apply button is clicked.

Click the "Tray" button to place the User Interface in "driver only" mode. You will see a blue 4 icon in your system tray by the clock (bottom right of screen as shown below).



Click the blue 4 icon to re-open the ADC-4U11 User Interface. Click the "Unload Device Driver" to remove the ADC-4U11 device driver. Please note that by default, the ADC-4U11 device driver is only loaded on demand to conserve system resources. To re-load the ADC-4U11 device driver, double click the red and blue ADC-4U11 desktop icon.



You may install the ADC-4U11 device driver permanently by checking the "Driver Only" check box under Setup in the ADC-4U11 User Interface. You will then always see the ADC-4U11 system icon in your system tray along with the other system devices (such as your speaker, printer or display adapter).

If operation of the analog inputs are normal, then testing is now complete and your ADC-4U11 may be placed in service. If problems are encountered during testing, proceed to the trouble-shooting procedures shown on page 5.

### **HOW TO OPEN DEVICE MANAGER**

Windows XP, VISTA or Windows 7: Click the Start Button (lower left of screen), then Control Panel (right side). With the view set to classic view, small or large icons, click (or double click) the Device Manager icon. With Windows XP you will need to click the System icon (in Control Panel) then the Hardware Tab then the Device Manager button. You

may also use the supplied CD to open Device Manager by clicking the "Open Device Manager" button when the CD auto starts.

Windows 8.1, 10 and Windows Server: Move your mouse cursor to the lower right side of your screen and click on Settings. Click on Control Panel near the top and click on the Device Manager icon.

#### **TROUBLE-SHOOTING THE ADC-4U11**

- (1) Verify that your USB com driver is installed by going to Device Manager and checking for the Prolific USB to Serial Comm Port entry. Right click on the entry, then Properties, select the Driver tab and verify that the driver is dated 8/15/2014 or later. If the driver is out of date, connect to the Internet and click the Update Driver button. Please note that an out of date driver may allow the ADC-4U11 to partially function and/or with erratic operation.
- (2) Verify that the Prolific USB to Serial Comm Port entry is the com port used by your ADC-4U11. You may do this by watching the entry in Device Manager and unplugging your ADC-4U11 from your computer USB port. The entry should disappear and then re-appear when you plug the ADC-4U11 back in to your computer USB port.
- (3) Try replacing the USB cable and/or using a different USB port.
- (4) Verify that the ADC-4U11 device driver is correctly installed and running. Click the blue 4 icon in your system tray (bottom right) and check for the correct com port setting (should show the correct com port open). If the window below the COM indicator shows "COM Not Found!" then a com port issue is the problem (check for another program that may be using the com port). You may right click the taskbar at the bottom of your screen, then Task Manager to view running applications.
- (5) Remove the ADC-4U11 USB cable from your computer, wait 5 seconds and plug back in. Open the ADC-4U11 User Interface by clicking on the blue icon in your system tray and double click on the blue EECI logo to reset the com port. You should see a reset message followed by a COM open indication. Click Setup and uncheck "Allow External Commands". If this corrects the issue that you are experiencing then an external application is the problem.
- (6) If erratic operation is experienced, check for loose connections at the terminal block (tug on each wire going into the terminal block), check for short circuits caused by metal contact to the ADC circuit areas or other connected hardware.
- (7) The input voltage to any of the analog inputs must not exceed the reference voltage (nor should the input go negative with respect to the reference when not in differential mode) or erratic data may be generated on one or more of the analog channels. When an external reference is used, the reference voltage must not exceed 5 volts.

Please contact EECI Support at (800) 842-7714 or (937) 349-6000 if you require additional assistance or have questions.

#### SAMPLE RATE OF ANALOG INPUTS

All four analog inputs are updated at the same rate which you set under Setup in the ADC-4U11 User Interface. The default setting is every 250ms with an effective sample rate of 16 samples per second (or each channel sampled four times per second). A setting of 1000 will sample all four inputs once per second or a setting of 2500 every 2.5 seconds, etc. Use caution when making changes to this setting as a time setting too low will waste processor resources. A setting below 10ms will degrade system performance and will not allow for any change of the analog level due to the filter cap and decoupling resistor on the analog input (which average the signal level to reduce noise).

#### **EXPANSION PORTS**

The ADC-4U11 provides three expansion ports for additional I/O operations using the same COM port. The expansion ports may used to connect up to 144 relays (8 per expansion port) or to connect up to 144 inputs (or combinations of relays and inputs) using EX-8M and/or EXM-16 expansion modules. The relay output ports on the EX-8M and EXM-16 are identical to those used on all EECI products and accept the same relay cards and other

accessories. A variety of relay cards with various contact configurations are available for connection to the expansion modules. A partial list of relay cards includes the RD-8, RD-8M, RG-8, RH-8, RI-8, RJ-8, RL-8, RN-8, RN-8M, RP-8 and RJ-8. The RYD-8 relay driver card may be used to control larger power relays, contactors, solenoids, valves or other devices. The DA-1 Digital to Analog converter may be used to output a 0 to 5 volt or a 0 to 10 volt analog level. For additional information on the EX-8M Expansion card, please refer the the EX-8M Technical Reference available on the EECI web site.



#### THE ADC-4U11 USER INTERFACE

The ADC-4U11 User Interface allows you to set all of the basic operating characteristics of the hardware and permits the ADC-4U11 to send and receive data from other Windows applications or programs that you create. Please see page 12 for the Setup dialog.

When the user interface is loaded for the first time you are prompted for the com port that is to be used with the ADC-4U11. This com port number is saved in the settings file "adc4U11-set.ini" which is created in the folder c:\text{leci}\actual actual to the interface will then start using the com port assigned. The com port indicator should have a "COM Open" message as shown to the left with the correct com port shown. The com port may be changed by clicking the Setup button and changing the com number in the Com Port box and clicking Apply. Available com ports are updated by clicking the "Com Port" button under Setup.

Clicking the Setup button allows you to label the analog inputs for each of the 4 channels. The

com port, baud rate and sampling rate settings are changed below. Checking the box for differential input will allow differential inputs to be connected to the terminal block on the ADC-4U11 (display will change to two channel mode). The boxes for reference input allow you to set the desired voltage input range. Un-checking the Allow External Commands box will prevent other Windows applications from sending or receiving data from the ADC-4U11. The data logger may be enabled by checking the box in the data logger section and entering the desired time interval and file type information. See page 12 for additional information.

The ADC-4U11 User Interface may be started in driver only mode by checking the Start Minimized box. Any changes made to Setup will not take effect until you click the Apply button. Clicking the Apply button saves the new settings to the adc4U11-set.ini file so that if the device driver is unloaded, it will restart with all the new settings. Click the Tray button (driver only mode) to close the User Interface after the ADC-4U11 is set-up for your application. A blue 4 icon will appear in your system tray (click to re-open the user interface). The ADC-4U11 User Interface may be left open when used as a stand alone data logger or if an external application is not used. The ADC-4U11 User Interface may be completely shut down (and driver unloaded) by clicking the "Unload Device Driver button. Once shut down, you will need to double click the ADC-4U11 desktop icon to re-load the ADC-4U11 device driver. The Help button will provide additional assistance if you installed the Help files from the ADC-4U11 installation CD.

#### **AUTO START-UP FOR THE ADC-4U11 DEVICE DRIVER**

By default, the ADC-4U11 device driver is only loaded on demand to conserve system resources. You may install the ADC-4U11 device driver permanently by checking the "Driver Only" check box under Setup in the ADC-4U11 User Interface. You will then always see the ADC-4U11 system icon in your system tray\* along with the other system devices (such as your speaker, printer or display adapter). Click the blue 4 icon in your system tray to open the ADC-4U11 User Interface. If the ADC-4U11 device driver is not installed permanently, you will need to double click the ADC-4U11 desktop icon to load the ADC-4U11 device driver each time your system starts.

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\*you may need to expand the arrow in your system tray to see all the icons (the tray is the row of icons on the lower right of your screen, next to your clock).

#### UPDATES FOR THE ADC-4U11 DEVICE DRIVER/USER INTERFACE

Click the "Check for Updates" button under Setup in the ADC-4U11 User Interface or contact EECI support. There is no charge for the updates.

#### THE ADC-4U11 DATA LOGGER

The ADC-4U11 User Interface provides a data logger function that will save analog input readings to a file at preset time intervals. Scale and offset values may be factored into the recorded data event along with an input label by entering the desired values at the setup screen by clicking the Analog Setup button. The ADC-4U11 data logger may be used stand alone if an external application is not used. The file output format may be set to plain text, CSV or text delimited formats and may be imported into database or spreadsheet applications if required. The data log interval may be set to seconds or minutes by clicking the button to the right of the setting. A suffix may be added to the logged value (such as PSI, Volts, °, etc.). Extended ASCII characters may be added by holding down the alt key and entering the ASCII code on your keyboard keypad. Example: to display a degree symbol, hold down the alt key and enter 248 on your keypad. The precision setting allows you to log your data in integer only, tenth, hundredth, thousandth or auto select.

#### PROGRAMMING EXAMPLES

#### VISUAL BASIC EXAMPLE (Microsoft Visual Studio)

'To use these example, copy the code module (supplied on your CD) to a sub called readInputs(). From the toolbox, drag (4) labels and a timer control to your form. Insert the following code into the timer sub. The (4) ADC-4U11 analog inputs are displayed in labels 1 through 4.

Private Sub Timer1\_Tick(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles Timer1.Tick

readInputs() 'collect analog inputs

For W = 1 To 4 MyLabelArray(W).Text = inputBytes(W) Next W

End Sub

#### VISUAL C# EXAMPLE (Microsoft Visual Studio)

```
private void timer1_Tick(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
   ReadInputs();
   for (int i = 1; i < 5; i ++)
   {
      MyLabelArray[i].Text = inputBytes[i].ToString();
   }
}</pre>
```

The entire source code program examples and the complete project code are provided on your installation CD along with additional source code examples in other programming languages. The programs are intended to demonstrate the fundamentals needed for development of your own software. The program examples may be copied to your program and used as a subroutine if desired.

These examples will run in all versions of Visual Studio including Visual Studio Express. The installation CD will have examples in all the programming languages used with Microsoft Visual Studio including Visual Basic, Visual C#, Visual C++ and ASP .Net. Additional source code examples are available in several other variations which may be more suitable for alternate programming languages. Please contact EECI technical support for more information.

#### **VOLTAGE REFERENCE INPUT**

The ADC-4U11 allows for several different reference voltage configurations. The reference voltage determines the voltage input range for all (4) analog input channels or (2) channels in differential mode. The following configurations are selectable from the ADC-4U11 Setup. Option 1 is the default setting (this allows exactly 2 my increments).

- Option 1: 4.096 volt allows a (0 to 4.1) volt input range ((4) channel single ended) (= 0 to 4,096mv) allows a (-4.1 to +4.1) volt input range ((2) channel fully differential) 2 mv increments
- Option 2: 5 volt allows a (0 to 5 volt)\* input range or (-5 to +5) in differential mode (= 0 to 6,144mv)

  (4) channel single ended or (2) channel fully differential 3 mv increments
- Option 3: 2.048 volt allows a (0 to 2) volt input range or (-2 to +2) in differential mode (= 0 to 2,048mv)

  (4) channel single ended or (2) channel fully differential 1 my increments
- Option 4: 1.024 volt allows a (0 to 1) volt input range or (-1 to +1) volts in differential mode (= 0 to 1,024mv)

  (4) channel single ended or (2) channel fully differential .5 my increments
- Option 5: .512 volt allows a (0 to .5) volt input range or (-.5 to +.5) volts in differential mode (= 0 to 512mv) (4) channel single ended or (2) channel fully differential .25 mv increments
- Option 6: .256 volt allows a (0 to .25) volt input range or (-.25 to +.25) volts in differential mode (= 0 to 256mv)

  (4) channel single ended or (2) channel fully differential .125 my increments

\*the 0 to 5 volt option is based on a 0 to 6.144 volt range with only the 0 to 5 volt portion usable.

#### SINGLE ENDED ANALOG VOLTAGE INPUTS

Voltages up to hundreds of volts may be divided down to the 5 volt range by using a simple resistance divider as shown on the following page (the signal source must be capable of driving a 1 ma load). To determine the value transmitted by the ADC for a specific voltage applied to the divider circuit use the following formula: (VI divided by DF) times 51 = TV (where TV = transmitted value sent by the ADC, VI = voltage input to divider, DF = divider factor) DF = full scale voltage divided by 5 volts. EXAMPLE: 100 volts full scale divided by 5 = 20 = DF. A 60 volt input to the divider divided by 20 multiplied by 51 = 153 = TV, the value transmitted by the ADC (8 bit).

The voltage input source may be located up to several hundred feet from the ADC. The wire which connects the ADC to the signal source should be a twisted pair to reduce possible input noise (22 or 24 gauge communication cable or CAT5 typical). Shielded cable may be used to further protect against EMI or lightning noise (the shield should be left disconnected at the source and connected to an earth ground/equipment ground at the ADC).

Lower millivolt signal levels (such as the output signals from a watt transducer, pressure transducer, load cell, etc.) with typical full scale voltages of only 20 to 100 millivolts will require the addition of the VA-1, VA-2, VA-4 or VA-8 instrumentation amplifier. The VA-1 connects to any of the analog inputs and will convert a millivolt signal input to a 0 to 5 volt output for input into the ADC. Signal levels this low will may require shielded cable to reduce noise. An adjustment on the VA-1 will set the input scale. The shield should be left disconnected at the source and grounded to an earth ground at the VA-1. Applications requiring isolated analog inputs require the VI-8I linear opto isolated amplifier.

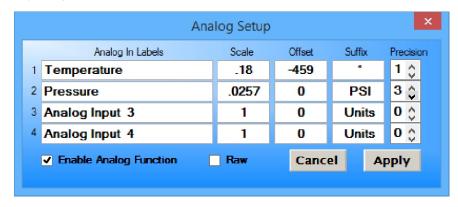
**NOTE:** When the analog inputs are left floating, (no connection) the ADC will transmit fluctuating numbers as a result of noise present at the inputs. We recommend that any unused inputs be connected to GND (reference (-)) to prevent possible errors on other channels (differential inputs should have both inputs shorted together).

**FILTERING INPUT NOISE:** A .1 uf filter capacitor is installed on the ADC card (one for each channel) which significantly reduces errors and fluctuation as a result of input noise. A 2.7 mf or 10 mf tantalum capacitor may added for additional filtering (input response time will be slower).

Shown on the following pages in figures A, B & C are methods for reading contact closure, potentiometer movement & light levels.

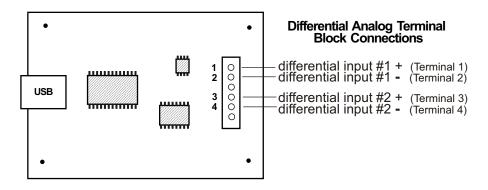
#### **INPUT SCALING AND OFFSETS**

Analog inputs may be scaled and offsets added by opening the user interface and clicking Setup and then Analog Setup. This allows you to directly display temperature, pressure, position, etc. by adjusting the raw analog data coming from the sensor to the actual units (such as degrees, PSI, mm, GPM, RPM, etc.). The Precision setting allows the units to be displayed in integer, tenth, hundreds, etc. Use the Suffix box to change the display from the default Units to the required specifier.

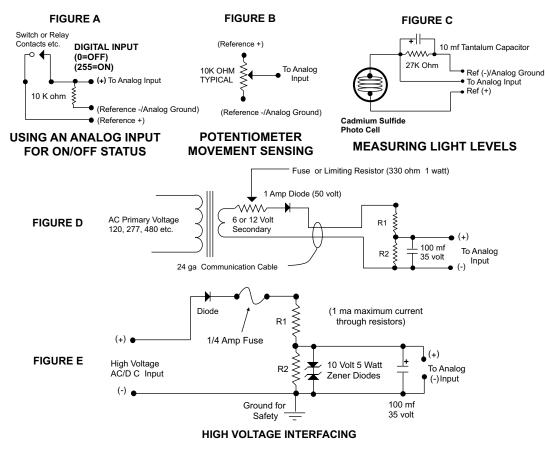


#### **DIFFERENTIAL ANALOG INPUTS**

The ADC-4U11 may be set to accept (2) fully differential inputs in place of the (4) single ended inputs. The differential voltage input range is determined by the reference setting as shown on the previous page. The differential input signal connects to terminals 1 and 2 for differential channel 1 and terminals 3 and 4 for differential channel 2. The GND terminal connections are not used.



**CONNECTION OF LOW LEVEL DIFFERENTIAL SIGNALS TO THE VA-1:** If low level differential inputs are required, the VA-1 may be used to convert a differential signal into a 0 to 5 volt signal for connection to the ADC. The VA series amplifiers have a reference input (for connection to the ADC reference) which is used to generate a 2.5 volt offset (adjustable). The gain adjustment on the VA series amplifiers may be adjusted to allow for differential signals as low as (+) and (-) 5 millivolts or as high as (+) and (-) 5 volts. Using the VA-1 will allow the use of all 4 single ended inputs on the ADC-4U11 since the low level differential input to the VA-1 is converted to a single ended signal for connection to the ADC-4U11.



CAUTION: When working with high voltages, the potential for fire, explosion, electrocution, eye injury or blindness and life threatening injuries or death exists. If you are not familiar with the precautions needed when working with high voltages, do not attempt to connect high voltage up to these circuits. To prevent the danger of a high voltage feeding back to the ADC and the fire/injury/electrocution hazard caused by an open or short circuit, 10 volt 2 watt zener diodes and a 1/4 amp fuse should be connected as shown in figure E. Wire used to interconnect a high voltage input must be rated for use with the higher voltage. When connecting the ADC to high voltage AC equipment the method shown in figure D above is recommended.

The following method is used to divide a high voltage down to the 5 volt range needed for input into the ADC. This method involves the use of two resistors (R1 and R2) which together add up to Rt (total resistance). The total resistance is determined by using the Ohms Law to compute the resistance needed for a 1 milliamp current flow through the resistors. EXAMPLE: If your full scale voltage is 100 volts (R = E divided by I) 100 volts divided by .001 amp = 100,000 ohms (100K ohm). To determine the proper ratio, divide 5 volts by the full scale voltage. 5 divided by 100 volts = .05. Multiple this ratio by the total resistance to determine the value of R2. R1 is then equal to the difference between the total resistance and R2. EXAMPLE: ratio .05 times total resistance 100,000 ohms = 5,000 ohms (the value of R2). Total resistance 100,000 ohms less R2 5,000 ohms = 95,000 ohms (the value of R1). To determine the power rating needed for the resistor, use the following formula: P = I squared times R. EXAMPLE: .001 squared = .000001 times R1 95,000 ohms = .095 watts. A 1/8 or 1/4 watt resistor would be sufficient.

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**IMPORTANT:** The full scale voltage used should be the highest possible voltage that could be present at the high voltage input.

AC voltages may be applied to the high voltage input if a diode is connected in series and a filter capacitor (100 mf, 35 volt typical) is connected between the ADC analog input and the ADC reference (-). AC voltages over 24 volts or great enough to create an electrical shock hazard or fire should be connected to the ADC analog input using a step-down transformer to reduce the high voltage down to the 5 volt range as shown in figure D. A diode and filter capacitor must be connected on the secondary side of the transformer (a common low current power transformer may be used).

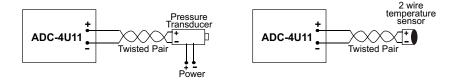
#### **VOLTAGE INPUT AMPLIFICATION AND SIGNAL CONDITIONING**

The ADC-4U11 defaults to a 0 to 4.096 volt input range (setup allows input ranges as low as 0 to .25 volts). When the input voltage range is required to be lower, (such as with a watt transducer or load cell) an external instrumentation amplifier must be used to amplify the input signal to the 0 to 4 volt input range of the ADC.

Several general purpose instrumentation amplifiers are available to amplify lower signal levels to the 0 to 4 volt range required by the ADC (for use with 8, 10 and 12 bit inputs). The VA-1 is a single channel amplifier for connection to the ADC-4U11, ADC-8U or ADC-12U. The VA-2, VA-4 and VA-8 amplifiers are two, four and eight channel versions of the VA-1. The VA-1, VA-2, VA-4 and VA-8 all provide 15 turn potentiometer(s) for gain adjustment (amplification level). The amplification level is adjusted for a 0 to 100 millivolt input at the factory. The amplification level may adjusted for signal inputs as low as 0 to 5 millivolts or as high as 0 to 5 volts. Lower signal levels (such as the output signal from a watt transducer, pressure transducer, load cell, etc.) with typical full scale voltages of only 20 to 100 millivolts will require the addition of the VA-1 instrumentation amplifier when connecting to the ADC. Signal levels this low may require shielded twisted pair wire. The shield should be left disconnected at the source and grounded to an earth electrical ground at the VA-1.

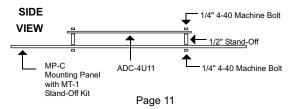
#### **CONNECTING SENSORS TO THE ADC-4U11**

A large variety of sensors, transducers, load cells and other devices that provide an analog output may be connected to the ADC-4U11. Most types of sensors may be located up to 1,000 feet from the ADC-4U11. Pull up resistors may be installed on the underside of the ADC-4U11 for 2 wire sensors that receive power from the USB port. The cable used to connect sensors to the ADC-4U11 should be twisted pair or shielded twisted pair to suppress environmental noise. Low cost CAT 5 cable works well when multiple sensors are in the same location.



#### MOUNTING

The ADC-4U11 Analog to Digital card may be mounted in an enclosure (part # EN-C or EN-D) or on a metal mounting panel using the MT-1 stand-off mounting hardware as shown below. The ADC-4U11 will attach to the 4 stand-off spacers using 4-40 machine screws (4 mounting holes are provided on the ADC-4U11). Contact technical support for more information on mounting panels and various mounting layouts.



#### **RAW ANALOG DATA**

The ADC-4U11 will present the raw analog data as a number between 0 and 2047\* when in 11 bit single ended mode and a number between -2048 and +2047 when in 12 bit differential mode.

\*the usable range with the ADC-4U11 reference voltage set to 6.144 will be 0 to 1665 in 11 bit single ended mode and -1666 to +1665 in differential mode since the portion of the ranges from (5 volts to 6.144) and from (-6.144 to -5 volts) are not usable.

#### HIGH PRECISION INSTRUMENT AMP

The built-in high precision instrument amplifier utilizes 6 predefined precision voltage references that have been selected to provide an exact voltage measurement per increment as follows:

256 mv .125 mv increments (8 per mv) 512 mv .25 mv increments (4 per mv) 1.024 v .5 mv increments (2 per mv) 2.048 v 1 mv increments (1 per mv) 4.096 v 2 mv increments (1 per 2 mv) 6.144 v 3 mv increments (1 per 3 mv)

#### DIFFERENTIAL INPUT IMPEDANCE

at 6.144 volts: 22 Meg ohm at 4.096 volts: 15 Meg ohm at 2.048 volts: 4.9 Meg ohm at 1.024 volts: 2.4 Meg ohm at 512 mv: 710 Kilo ohm at 256 mv: 710 Kilo ohm

**NOTE:** Once a change is made, the Apply Button will appear. Changes will not be applied until you click the Apply button. The changes are saved to the ADC-4U11.ini file.

| Setup  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Input Mode  Single Ended Differential                        |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relay Control Input Setup                                    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage Reference  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>4.096 Volt</li> <li>6.144 Volt (5 V max)</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |  |
| ○ 2.048 Volt ○ 512 Millivolt                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.024 Volt 256 Millivolt                                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Data Logger<br>File Path                                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| c:\eeci\adc-4u11\adc4u11-datalog.log                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| ☐ Enable Log File  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analog Setup CSV File  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max Entries Data Interval (minutes)                          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5000 10 S  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Com Port Baud Rate Sample Rate (millisec)                    |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 ∨ 57600 100  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ✓ Allow External Commands ☐ Start Minimized                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| About ADC-4U11 Check for Updates                             |  |  |  |  |  |
| Driver Only Cancel   |  |  |  |  |  |

Relay and Input labels may be changed by clicking the Relay Control or Input Setup buttons. Click the Analog Setup button to make changes to the analog labels, suffix, scale, offset or precision. These also apply to logged data.

The voltage input range may be set by selecting 1 of the 6 possible gain levels using the built in instrument amp.

Start the data logger by checking the Enable box. The logger will roll-over or stop based on the setting in the Max Entries box. The Data Interval may be set to minutes or seconds and will log the data based on the setting in the box.

Click the Com Port button to refresh the available Com Ports. Enter or use the pull-down arrow to set the Com Port.

The Sample Rate is the interval between samples (in the example above, the setting is 100 milliseconds or 10 samples per second).

Check the Start Minimized box to start the ADC-4U11 device driver in "driver only" mode. Blue 4 icon will show in your system tray.

| PARAMETER                     | TEST CONDITIONS                             | MIN                         | TYP   | MAX  | UNIT   |
|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|------|--------|
| ANALOG INPUT                  |   |                             |   |      | •      |
| Full-scale input voltage (1)  | $V_{IN} = (AIN_P) - (AIN_N)$                |                             | ±4.096/PGA                                    |      | V      |
| Analog input voltage          | AIN <sub>P</sub> or AIN <sub>N</sub> to GND | GND                         |   | VDD  | V      |
| Differential input impedance  |   |                             | See Table 2                                   |      |        |
| Common-mode input impedance   | FS = ±6.144V <sup>(1)</sup>                 |                             | 10  |      | MΩ     |
|                               | FS = ±4.096V <sup>(1)</sup> , ±2.048V       |                             | 6   |      | ΜΩ     |
|                               | FS = ±1.024V                                |                             | 3   |      | МΩ     |
|                               | FS = ±0.512V, ±0.256V                       |                             | 100   |      | МΩ     |
| SYSTEM PERFORMANCE            |   |                             | •   |      | •      |
| Resolution                    | No missing codes                            | 12                          |   |      | Bits   |
| Data rate (DR)                |   |                             | 128, 250,<br>490, 920,<br>1600, 2400,<br>3300 |      | SPS    |
| Data rate variation           | All data rates                              | -10                         |   | 10   | %      |
| Output noise                  |   | See Typical Characteristics |   |      |        |
| Integral nonlinearity         | DR = 128SPS, FS = ±2.048V, best fit(2)      |                             |   | 0.5  | LSB    |
| Offset error                  | FS = ±2.048V, differential inputs           |                             | 0   | ±0.5 | LSB    |
|                               | FS = ±2.048V, single-ended inputs           |                             | ±0.25   |      | LSB    |
| Offset drift                  | FS = ±2.048V                                |                             | 0.005   |      | LSB/°C |
| Gain error <sup>(3)</sup>     | FS = ±2.048V at 25°C                        |                             | 0.05  | 0.25 | %      |
|                               | FS = ±0.256V                                |                             | 7   |      | ppm/°C |
| Gain drift <sup>(3)</sup>     | FS = ±2.048V                                |                             | 5   | 40   | ppm/°C |
|                               | FS = ±6.144V <sup>(1)</sup>                 |                             | 5   |      | ppm/°C |
| PGA gain match <sup>(3)</sup> | Match between any two PGA gains             |                             | 0.02  | 0.1  | %      |
| Gain match                    | Match between any two inputs                |                             | 0.05  | 0.1  | %      |
| Offset match                  | Match between any two inputs                |                             | 0.25  |      | LSB    |



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